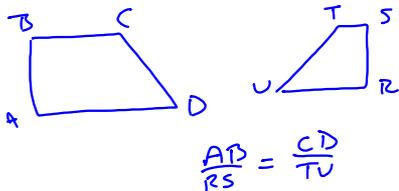
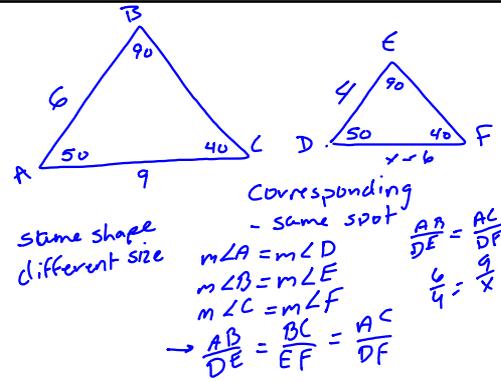


8.3 Similar Triangles

Comparing Triangles based on certain characteristics

Similar in polygons

- all corresponding \angle 's are \cong
- sides are proportional



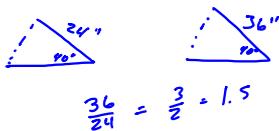
Similar (\sim)

$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$

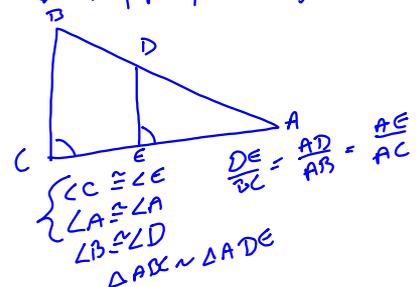
Third Angle Theorem

If two \angle 's of one \triangle are \cong to two \angle 's of another \triangle , then the third \angle 's are also \cong

If all 3 \angle 's are \cong to three corresponding \angle 's then the \triangle 's are similar



Overlapping Triangles



IF a segment is drawn parallel to the side that the segment is not connected to, then the new triangle is similar to the original.

$\overline{PQ} \parallel \overline{ON}$
 $\angle MPQ \cong \angle MNO$ Corresponding
 $\angle MQP \cong \angle MNO$ Corresponding
 $\angle M \cong \angle M$ Reflexive
 $\triangle MPQ \sim \triangle MNO$ Similar

How long is \overline{AB} ?

$$\frac{CB}{ED} = \frac{CA}{EA}$$

$$\frac{6}{4} = \frac{x}{12}$$

$$72 = 4x$$

$$18 = x$$

How long is AE?

$$\frac{6}{4} = \frac{AC}{AE}$$

$$6x = 4(x+7)$$

$$2x = 28$$