

$$\begin{aligned}
 4.5 \quad ax^2 + bx + c &= 0 \\
 ax^2 + bx &= -c \\
 x^2 + \frac{b}{a}x &= -\frac{c}{a} \\
 x^2 + \frac{b}{a}x + \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 &= \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 - \frac{c}{a} \\
 \left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 &= \frac{b^2}{4a^2} - \frac{c}{a} \cdot \frac{4a}{4a} \\
 \left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 &= \frac{b^2}{4a^2} - \frac{4ac}{4a^2} \\
 \left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 &= \frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sqrt{\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2} &= \sqrt{\frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4a^2}} \\
 x + \frac{b}{2a} &= \pm \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \\
 x + \frac{b}{2a} - \frac{b}{2a} &= \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \\
 x &= \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

4.5 Quadratic Formula

If $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
then $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x^2 + 5x - 6 &= 0 & a=1 \quad b=5 \quad c=-6 \\
 (x+6)(x-1) &= 0 & x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \\
 -6, 1 & & x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 24}}{2} \\
 \frac{-5+7}{2} &= 1 & x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{49}}{2} \\
 \frac{-5-7}{2} &= -6 & x = \frac{-5+7}{2} \\
 & & x = \frac{-5-7}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x^2 - 13x + 28 & \quad a=1 \quad b=-13 \quad c=28 \\
 x &= \frac{13 \pm \sqrt{169 - 112}}{2} \\
 \frac{13+7.55}{2} &= 10.28 & x &= \frac{13 \pm \sqrt{57}}{2} \quad \sqrt{57}=7.55 \\
 \frac{13-7.55}{2} &= 2.73 & x &= \frac{13 \pm 7.55}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{5}{x} \times \frac{x}{x+5} & \quad x^2 = 5(x+5) \\
 & \quad x^2 = -5x + 25 \\
 \frac{16 \cdot 2}{2} &= 8.1 & x^2 - 5x - 25 &= 0 \\
 \frac{-6 \cdot 2}{2} &= -3.1 & a=1 \quad b=-5 \quad c=-25 \\
 & & x &= \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 100}}{2} \\
 & & & \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{125}}{2} \quad \frac{5 \pm 11.2}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$