Vertex Form

$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

 $verta(h,k)$
 $y = ax^2 \rightarrow y = a(x-h)^2 + k$
 $h is the change in x$
 $(x-3)^2 = h=3 \times moved 3 \text{ right}$
 $(x+2)^2 = h=-2 \times moved 2 \text{ reft}$
 $(x+2)^2 = h=-2 \times moved up 4$
 $x^2 - 1 = k = -1 \times moved dawn 1$

$$y = 2(x-3)^{2} + 1$$

$$y = 3 + 1$$

$$y = 2(x+5)^{2} - 3$$

$$y = 5 + 3$$

$$y = 5 + 3$$

$$-10$$

Vertex form

$$y = (x - h)^2 + h$$

 (h, h)
 $y = ax^2 + bx + c$
 k is not the y-int

find vertex and y-int

$$y = (x-3)^{2} \qquad y = x^{2} + 2$$

$$y = (3,0) \qquad V = (0,2)$$

$$y = (-3)^{2} \qquad y = 2$$

$$y = 9 \qquad y = -2(x-3)^{2} + 5$$

$$V = (3,5) = -18 + 5$$

$$= -2(-3)^{2} + 5 \qquad = -13$$

$$= -2(-3)^{2} + 5 \qquad = -13$$