

### 7.3 Circumference and Arc Length

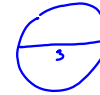
$$\frac{C}{d} = \pi$$

$\pi$  is a non terminating  
non repeating  
Decimal

$$\pi = 3.14, \frac{22}{7}$$

Circumference  
distance around a circle

$$C = \pi d \quad C = 3.14(3)$$



$$C = 9.42$$

What if we are given  
radius instead of diameter

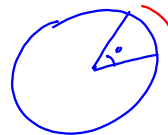


$$d = 2r$$

$$C = \pi d$$

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$C = 2\pi r, C = \pi d$$



Need more information

- Central Angle

An angle whose vertex  
is at the center

$$0 < \theta < 360$$

Arc length is proportional  
to the circumference

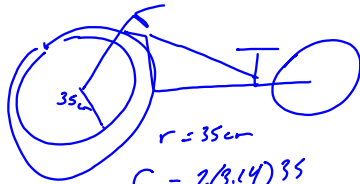
$$\frac{\text{Arc length}}{C = d\pi} = \frac{\text{Central } \angle}{360^\circ}$$



$$\frac{A}{5(3.14)2} = \frac{90}{360}$$

$$31.4 \left( \frac{A}{31.4} = \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

$$A = 7.85$$



$$\begin{aligned}r &= 35 \text{ cm} \\C &= 2(3.14)35 \\C &= 219.8 \text{ cm} \\&= 4396.00 \\4396 \text{ m} & \quad 4.396 \text{ km}\end{aligned}$$

Use 3.14 for  $\pi$